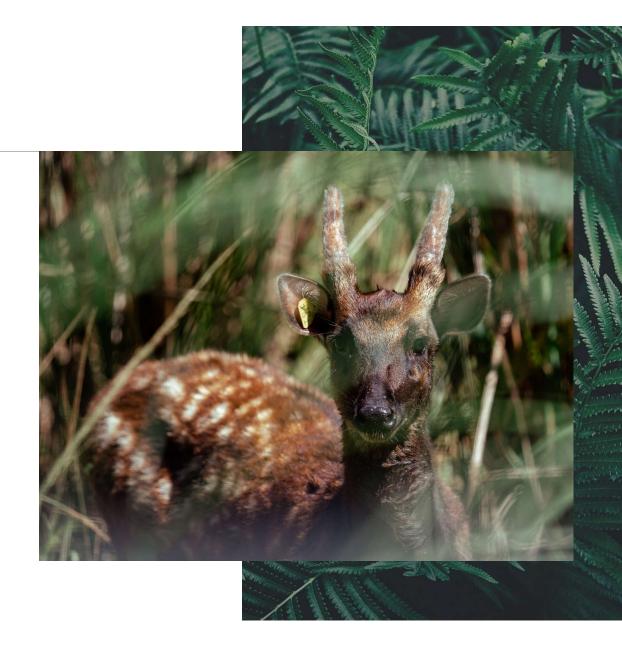
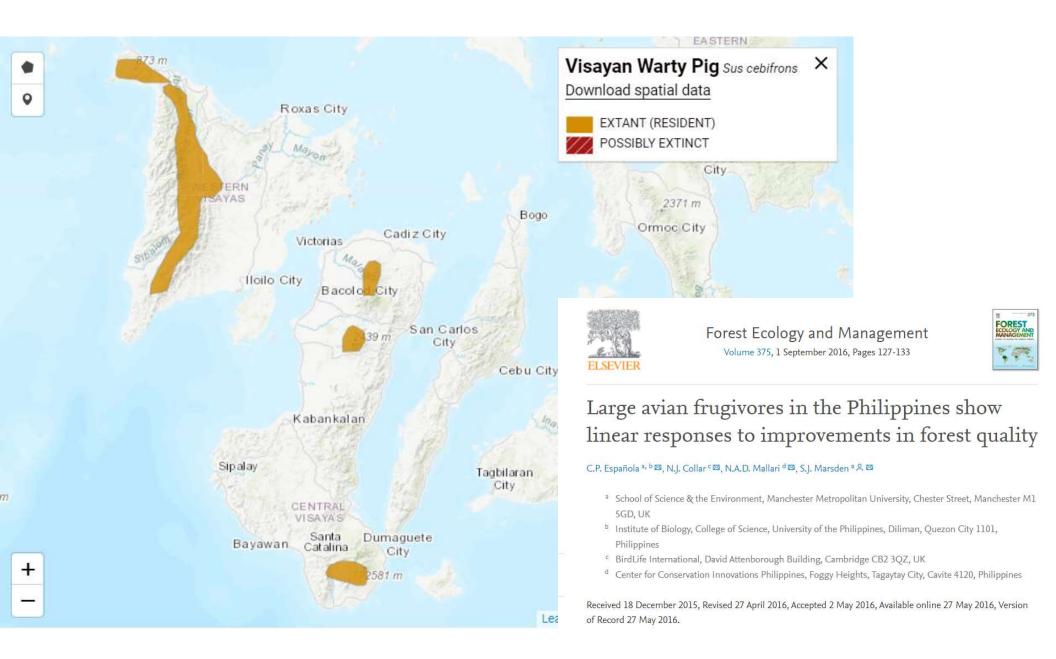


# The West Visayas Species Recovery Project

Talarak Foundation Inc.







#### AGENDA

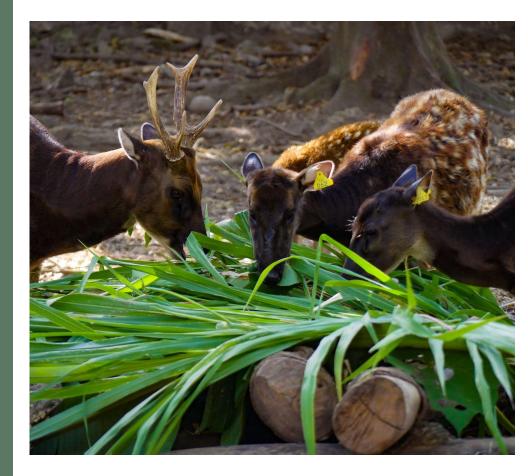
- History of Talarak Foundation
- Key Species
- Project Goals
- Bayawan Nature Reserve
- Negros Island Assessment
- Next Steps

#### **Talarak Foundation Inc.**

*Established in 2010* by Fernando Gutierrez as a *conservation breeding center* in Kabankalan City, Negros Island, Philippines.

Managing the *Negros Forest Park biodiversity conservation center* in Bacolod City, and the *Bayawan Nature Reserve* reintroduction site in Bayawan City, Negros Island.

Focus on the *endemic and endangered fauna of the West Visayas* (Negros, Panay, Masbate, Guimaras and Cebu).





#### VISAYAN SPOTTED DEER

*Rusa alfredi* Endangered

#### WEST VISAYAN UNGULATES



#### VISAYAN WARTY PIG

Sus cebifrons negrinus Critically Endangered

#### WEST VISAYAN UNGULATES



Camera trap footage of the Visayan Spotted Deer in North Negros National Park by Neil D'Cruze (2012)

- Asses the population status, size, and distribution of the Visayan Warty Pig and Visayan Spotted Deer on Negros Island.
- Identify the requirements and necessity for conservation translocations or protection for spotted deer and warty pigs in assessed forests.
- Conduct **ecological and natural history** r**esearch** on *in situ* and *ex situ* populations.
- Conduct **outreach and education** for native Negros wildlife conservation.



2020-2021 A total of **28 Visayan Spotted Deer** (14:14) and **19 Visayan Warty Pigs** (10:9) have been introduced into the reserve.











2021-2022 **12** new **Warty Piglets** have and **5** new **Spotted Deer fawns** have been recorded.

### ANIMAL RELEASES

## **RESEARCH ACTIVITIES**

Tracking spotted deer and warty pigs

- Radio telemetry
- GPS telemetry

Post-release habitat and biodiversity monitoring assessments

Camera trapping for behavior, ecology and space-use

Community engagement and education



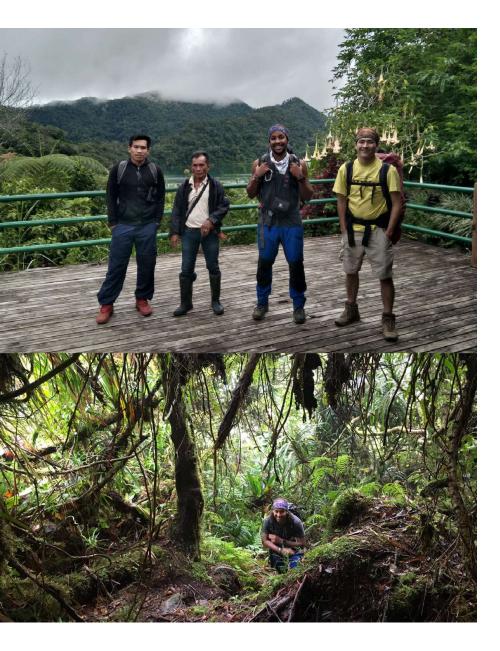












## **ASSESSMENT ACTIVITIES**

- Identify forest patches (>500ha) or remaining populations.
- Use habitat and wildlife transects, point counts and camera traps to record species presence, threats and habitat suitability.
- Engage with the community to identify perception, local knowledge and threats.
- Prioritize sites for conservation activities such as reintroductions or site protection.

#### Visayan Warty Pigs have been recorded but NO Visayan Spotted Deer.





**Good quality or suitable habitat is fragmented.** Even in protected areas there is degradation and encroachment.

FINDINGS SO FAR...

All sites recorded evidence of poaching, traps, invasive species or community threats and encroachment.





## WHAT'S NEXT...

Collect data on "wild" population space-use and anthropogenic conflict.

To **supplement island assessment** data, **provide baseline** for the reintroduced animal data, and **fill knowledge gaps** in conservation plans.







# WHAT'S NEXT...

# Establish monitoring teams/personnel for

known wild populations.

Made up from **community members** who act as **ambassadors to conservation.** 







## WHAT'S NEXT...

#### Continue monitoring reintroduced group in

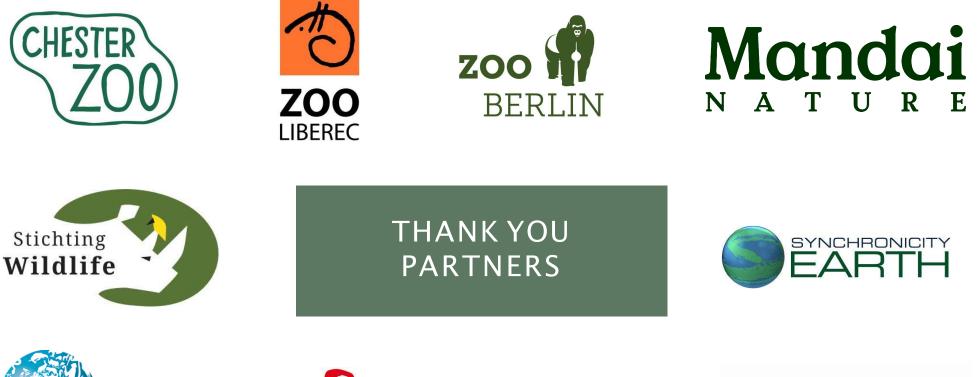
Bayawan Nature Reserve.

Study their **space-use, habitat preferences, social behavior and ecology**, and possible **deterrent methods.** 











Bristol Zoological Society Saving Wildlife Together





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JACKSONVILLE

THANK YOU PARTNERS







Pigeon and Dove Specialist Group









# Thank you for listening!

Please address questions or requests to the following:







www.talarak.org



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